The table categorizes the **histological types** of cholangiocarcinoma (CCC), based on microscopic features. Here's an explanation of each category:

1. **1 - Mucinous (mucinös)**:
   * The tumor produces mucus, often associated with gland-forming cancers.
2. **2 - Cribriform (cribriform)**:
   * The tumor has a perforated, sieve-like glandular structure.
3. **3 - Tubular-acinar (tubulär-acinös)**:
   * The tumor forms small tube-like or acinar (cluster-like) glandular structures.
4. **4 - Papillary (papillär)**:
   * The tumor has a papillary (finger-like) structure.
5. **5 - Signet-ring type (Siegelringtyp)**:
   * The tumor cells have a signet-ring appearance, where a large vacuole displaces the nucleus to one side.
6. **6 - Columnar cell type (zylinderzellig)**:
   * The tumor cells are tall and column-shaped, resembling columnar epithelium.
7. **99 - No information provided (keine Angabe)**:
   * No specific data is available about the histological type.

This classification is essential for understanding the tumor's cellular structure, which aids in diagnosis, treatment decisions, and prognosis.